GENERAL ORDER



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Equal Employment Opportunity		
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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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I. PURPOSE

The Metropolitan Police Department (MPD) recognizes that employees come from many different backgrounds with unique experiences and perspectives. MPD is committed to fostering an environment of inclusion so that every employee feels seen, heard, valued, and understood while providing a workplace free of any demeaning, derogatory, or abusive language, actions, or gestures. This kind of diversity strengthens the department and contributes to a work environment free from harassment, abuse and intimidation. The purpose of this policy is to establish the department's commitment to equal employment opportunity (EEO) and describe the policies, objectives, procedures, and responsibilities involved in promoting and executing an effective EEO program. The department's affirmative action plan is also provided.

II. PROCEDURES

- A. Unlawful Discrimination
 - MPD is an equal opportunity employer. Pursuant to <u>DC Official Code § 2-1402.11 (Prohibitions)</u> and <u>Mayor's Order 2023-131 (Updated District</u> <u>Government Sexual Harassment Policy, Guidance, and Procedures)</u>, MPD prohibits, and will not tolerate, any form of unlawful discrimination. Such conduct may result in disciplinary action as necessary, up to, and including, termination of employment. The following types of discrimination are prohibited by law, even if the conduct was not

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specifically intended to be offensive to anyone and/or the employee to whom it is directed is not personally offended.

Unlawful Discrimination	Description
Disparate treatment	Different treatment of an employee because of the employee's protected trait (e.g., race, gender) with regard to an employment action (e.g., hire, promotion, discipline, termination), or term or condition of employment. The DC Office of Human Rights (OHR) defines <u>protected traits</u> for District of Columbia employees.
Harassment	Conduct, whether direct or indirect, verbal or nonverbal, that unreasonably alters an individual's terms, conditions, or privileges of employment or has the purpose or effect of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment. Conduct need not be severe or pervasive to constitute harassment and no specific number of incidents or specific level of egregiousness is required.
Sexual harassment	 Hostile work environment: Conduct of a sexual nature, whether direct or indirect, verbal or nonverbal, that unreasonably alters an individual's terms, conditions, or privileges of employment or has the purpose or effect of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment; or Quid pro quo: Sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other conduct of a sexual nature where submission to the conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of employment or where submission to or rejection of the conduct is used as the basis for an employment decision affecting the individual's employment. Conduct need not be severe or pervasive to constitute sexual harassment and no specific number of incidents or specific level of egregiousness is required.
Failure to provide a reasonable accommodation	 A reasonable accommodation is any modification or adjustment to a job, employment practice, or the work environment, that makes it possible for an individual to enjoy equal employment opportunity and perform the essential function of his or her job. An employer must reasonably accommodate the religious practices of an employee or prospective employee, unless the employer demonstrates that the accommodation would result in undue hardship on the agency. Any employer must provide a reasonable accommodation to qualified individuals with disabilities who are employees or applicants for employment, unless to do so would cause undue hardship on the agency.
Failure to offer DC Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA)	 Eligible employees can take up to 16 weeks (640 hours) of family leave plus 16 weeks of medical leave in any 24-month period. Family leave: Eligible circumstances include the birth of a child, adopting a child, or caring for a child in foster care. Caring for a seriously ill family member is also eligible. Medical leave: Eligible circumstances include recovering from a serious illness rendering the employee unable to work. Retaliation against an employee for attempting or using the DC FMLA benefit is prohibited. This includes, but is not limited to termination, demotion, shift in primary duties and responsibilities, and/or any change to pay, status, or terms of employment.
Retaliation	 Employers are prohibited from retaliating because an individual engaged in EEO protected activity. Retaliation occurs when an employer takes a materially adverse action because an individual has engaged in, or may engage in, activity in furtherance of EEO laws. Employees are protected from retaliation or adverse action by their agency if they are engaged in: The EEO complaint process; and/or Expressed opposition to a discriminatory employment practice. An employee is protected as long as the employee has a reasonable and good faith belief that the employer's conduct is illegal, even if it turns out that the employee was mistaken as to the legality of the employer's conduct.

- 2. Employees shall be courteous, civil, and respectful to persons when on duty and in the workplace environment. Employees shall not use terms or resort to name-calling that might be interpreted as derogatory, disrespectful, or offensive to any person's dignity either in-person or remotely via telephone, radio, written communication, social media, or text messages.
 - a. Employees shall not engage in idle conversation, tell jokes, or make comments that relate to an individual's <u>protected traits</u>.
 - b. MPD prohibits discrimination not just because of one <u>protected trait</u> but also because of the intersection of two or more <u>protected traits</u> (i.e., multiple types of unlawful discrimination connected to and affecting one another).
- 3. Officials, managers, and supervisors shall maintain an environment free of harassment. Supervisory employees shall not condone, or otherwise enable, the discriminatory acts of employees or non-employees against MPD employees in the workplace.
 - a. The workplace environment extends to any place the employee, while in the performance of his or her official duties, has a lawful right to be. Supervisors and managers shall ensure that <u>all</u> employees are treated according to the guidelines in this order.
 - b. MPD employees shall immediately report to supervisory personnel and the chief people officer any conduct that occurs in their presence, or is brought to their attention, that could be construed as unlawful discrimination pursuant to this order, regardless of whether there has been a complaint made by the affected employee.
 - c. When an official, manager, or supervisor witnesses, or is made aware of discriminatory or harassing conduct that could be construed by a reasonable person as discriminatory, that official shall take <u>immediate action</u> to correct the offending party and notify the chief people officer, as soon as practicable.
- 4. Part III.D. of <u>Mayor's Order 2023-131</u> contains guidance and examples of conduct that can contribute to or constitute sexual harassment or create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment. Some conduct of a sexual nature may be treated as misconduct, even when it does not rise to the level of unlawful sexual harassment. As an example, an employee who tends to greet people with a hug may have been warned that the conduct was offensive to some employees and then hugs an employee whom they have not seen in many months. The conduct may not rise to the level of "unreasonably altering the individual's terms, conditions, or privileges of employment," but it could constitute misconduct since the employee had been warned that some employees associate hugging with unwanted sexual contact that is offensive in the work environment.

B. Reporting Unlawful Discrimination

There are different options for reporting allegations of discrimination outlined in this order. All complaints shall be considered confidential personnel information.

- 1. For complaints of discrimination based upon an employee's <u>protected</u> <u>traits</u>, employees may:
 - a. Seek resolution internally with MPD through the informal counseling process with an OHR-certified EEO counselor; or
 - b. Contact the MPD chief people officer.
- 2. For complaints of discrimination based upon an employee's disability, employees may:
 - a. Seek informal counseling from the District of Columbia Office of Disability Rights (ODR), who serves as the EEO counselor for all District government employees with disabilities;
 - b. Seek resolution internally with MPD through the informal counseling process with an OHR-certified EEO counselor; or
 - c. Contact the chief people officer.
- 3. For complaints of interference and/or retaliation under the DC FMLA, employees may:
 - a. File an EEO complaint with OHR pursuant to the <u>OHR website</u> or an applicable federal agency;
 - b. File a civil complaint in court as outlined in this order;
 - c. Seek resolution internally with MPD through the informal counseling process with an OHR-certified EEO counselor; or
 - d. Contact the chief people officer.
- 4. For complaints of sexual harassment, employees may:
 - a. Report inappropriate conduct to the:
 - (1) MPD's designated sexual harassment officer;
 - (2) Sexual harassment officer of another agency;
 - (3) Supervisor or manager of the employee(s) engaging in the conduct;
 - (4) Employee's own supervisor(s); or

- (5) Office of the General Counsel (OGC).
- b. File a complaint directly with OHR or an applicable federal agency;
- c. Seek resolution internally with MPD through the informal counseling process with an OHR-certified EEO counselor; or
- d. Contact the chief people officer.
- 5. For complaints of retaliation for reporting or filing a claim of discrimination or sexual harassment, assisting another person in reporting or asserting a claim of discrimination or sexual harassment, opposing discrimination or sexual harassment, acting as a witness in a discrimination or sexual harassment investigation, refusing to follow orders that would result in discrimination or sexual harassment, intervening to protect others from discrimination or sexual harassment, or challenging an allegation of discrimination or sexual harassment employees may:
 - a. Seek resolution internally with MPD through the informal counseling process with an OHR-certified EEO counselor; or
 - b. Contact the chief people officer.
- C. Informal Counseling Process

Members seeking resolution through the informal counseling process shall do so according to the following procedures.

Informal Counseling Process		
Step One	 The employee reports the complaint by consulting a certified EEO counselor from the <u>OHR list of EEO counselors</u>. 1. OHR maintains a list of all EEO counselors on their <u>website</u>. Counselors on this list are from MPD and other District of Columbia agencies. 2. This consultation must occur within 180 calendar days of the discriminatory action or discovery of discrimination [an exception to the counseling requirement and the 180-day rule exists for sexual harassment and DC FMLA complaints which must be filed within one year of the alleged incident. Information specific to sexual harassment and DC FMLA complaints can be found in this order]. 3. The EEO counselor initiates the informal resolution process by conducting an initial interview with the employee. 4. The EEO counselor will notify the chief people officer of all counseling requests (both inside and outside of MPD). 5. MPD counselors who become aware of allegations of misconduct during the counseling process shall notify the Internal Affairs Division (IAD) as soon as practicable and shall immediately cease the EEO counselor's obligation to report the alleged misconduct. b. IAD shall initiate an administrative investigation pursuant to <u>GO-PER-120.20 (Administrative Investigations)</u>. c. Any allegations of misconduct against an IAD member shall be reported directly to the chief people officer rather than IAD. 	
Step Two	The EEO counselor facilitates the informal resolution process. 1. This process is not an investigation, but a review of the circumstances and	

	 an attempt at an informal resolution for matters that do not constitute misconduct. 2. The EEO counselor has 30 calendar days to work with the employee hear the facts of the case, gather information, review documents, and 	
	an informal resolution. Employees engaged in the informal resolution process shall make a good faith attempt to engage in this process by providing possible resolution options to the EEO counselor.3. At any stage of the process the employee has the right to be accompanied, represented, and advised by legal counsel or a union representative of the	
	employee's choosing.	
Step Three	 The EEO counselor concludes the informal resolution process within 30 calendar days. 1. The EEO counselor will conduct a final counseling interview and provide the employee with an exit letter. The exit letter outlines the claims reported by the employee, any matters referred to IAD, all attempts made to resolve the matter, and a notice of the right to file a legal complaint with OHR within 15 calendar days of receiving the exit letter if the matter has not been resolved to the employee's satisfaction. 2. The 30-day counseling period may be extended for 30 additional days for good cause. In cases where there is a 30-day extension period, a complainant may, at any time during that period, request an exit letter, and the EEO counselor shall comply with this request. 	

- D. Internal EEO Complaint Investigations
 - 1. Investigations involving allegations of discrimination and/or retaliation, shall be conducted by IAD pursuant to <u>GO-PER-120.20</u>. Sexual harassment investigations shall be conducted pursuant to this order.
 - 2. All employees shall cooperate during an EEO investigation.
 - 3. The chief people officer or designee shall inform complainants of the disposition of their allegations.
- E. Internal Sexual Harassment Complaint Investigations
 - 1. The IAB assistant chief is the department's sexual harassment officer (SHO) and the IAD commanding official is the alternate SHO. The SHO accepts sexual harassment complaints and gathers, investigates, and reviews the factual basis of claims.
 - 2. Sexual harassment investigations shall be conducted by IAD members as SHO designees.
 - 3. Recipients of complaints reported to employees other than the SHO shall be reported to the SHO unless giving notice would raise conflict of interest concerns, in which case the recipient shall notify OGC.
 - 4. Complaints of sexual harassment involving allegations of sexual assault, stalking, threats, or other criminal misconduct shall be investigated first by IAD pursuant to <u>GO-PER-120.20</u>.
 - 5. Employees are required to cooperate fully in investigations of sexual harassment complaints.

- 6. If an employee who alleges sexual harassment, or is believed to have been the victim of sexual harassment, declines to assist and/or participate in the investigation of the allegation, MPD may initiate its own investigation. MPD must balance the need to respect a victim's wishes not to proceed or cooperate with an investigation, with the responsibility of the department to ensure a respectful workplace free of sexual harassment.
- 7. Employees who were not themselves victimized, who, after a direct request of the agency, decline to participate in a sexual harassment investigation, may be subject to disciplinary action.
- 8. If, during the course of a sexual harassment investigation, the investigating member has reason to believe that misconduct occurred other than that alleged, the investigating member also shall investigate the additional potential misconduct to its logical conclusion pursuant to <u>GO-PER-120.20</u>.
- 9. Making materially false statements, and misrepresentation, falsification or concealment of material facts or records in an investigation of allegations of sexual harassment is conduct warranting disciplinary action, up to and including termination.
- 10. Investigative Report
 - a. An investigative report shall be completed as soon as practicable, but no later than 60 calendar days from the report date, absent unusual circumstances.
 - b. Investigative reports shall include a description of the allegations, a description of the investigation, a description of the evidence adduced, and the recommended determination as to whether the allegations were substantiated.
 - c. Investigative reports are confidential and deliberative and shall not be released without a court order. Neither the complainant nor the alleged harasser shall be provided with a copy of the investigative report.
 - d. The SHO shall transmit the report to the chief people officer, as designee of the chief of police, and OGC.
 - e. The chief people officer may reject a SHO investigative report and return it to the SHO for further investigation, information, documentation, or analysis if the report is incomplete, inadequate, or otherwise unacceptable.
- 11. Agency Report
 - a. If the SHO report is not rejected, the chief people officer shall issue an agency report that accepts, modifies, or rejects the SHO's findings and recommendations, describes the rationale for any

such modifications or rejections, and makes conclusions as to whether the substantiated allegations constitute sexual harassment, within 14 days of receiving the SHO investigative report.

- b. If the agency report determines that sexual harassment has occurred, the report shall be submitted to the Disciplinary Review Division for appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including termination.
- c. Any conclusion in the agency report does not constitute a final legal conclusion that sexual harassment under the DC Human Rights Act (DCHRA) or federal law has or has not occurred.
- 12. Investigative Summary
 - a. The SHO shall provide the complainant and the alleged harasser a written summary of findings, conclusions, and final agency decision after the 60-day period. The summary shall also be provided to the Mayor's Office of Legal Counsel (MOLC) within five days after it is issued.
 - b. The complainant shall not be informed of any disciplinary actions against the alleged harasser.
- F. External Complaints
 - 1. Employees seeking to file a legal complaint with OHR should follow the steps provided on the <u>OHR website</u>.
 - 2. Employees seeking to file a legal complaint with the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) should following the steps provided on the <u>EEOC website</u>.
 - 3. Employees seeking to file a legal complaint with the United States Department of Justice (DOJ) Office of Civil Rights (OCR) should follow the steps provided on the <u>DOJ website</u>.
 - 4. Employees seeking to file a legal complaint with the United States Department of Labor (DOL) should follow the steps provided on the <u>DOL website</u>.
 - 5. MPD shall cooperate with any external agency in their processing of an employee's formal complaint.
- G. Interim Remedial Actions
 - 1. When MPD becomes aware of an allegation of misconduct of a sexual nature, the department shall notify the alleged harasser of the reported behavior and may demand that the alleged behavior cease immediately and not be repeated.

- 2. While a complaint of discrimination, sexual harassment, and/or retaliation is pending, the department may take temporary personnel actions as it deems appropriate to protect the rights of the alleged victim as well as the alleged harasser and to mitigate the possibility of any alleged discriminatory, retaliatory, and harassing conduct continuing.
- 3. Interim remedial actions are administrative rather than disciplinary and may include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Transfers;
 - b. Reassignment of duty station;
 - c. Changed shifts, duties, or reporting requirements;
 - d. Mandatory administrative leave with pay; or
 - e. Other appropriate measures that do not result in reduction of pay, demotion in title or responsibility, or other loss of employee benefits.
- 4. Interim remedial actions for complaints of discrimination and/or retaliation, with the exception of sexual harassment complaints, shall be coordinated through the chief people officer. Interim remedial actions for complaints of sexual harassment shall be coordinated through the SHO.
- H. Affirmative Action

MPD is committed to equal employment opportunity in the workplace and will undertake steps to assure that persons with disabilities, minorities, and women are fairly represented in all areas and at all levels of the agency. Employees shall conduct affirmative action activities in the areas of:

	Affirmative Action Activities
1.	Recruitment, hiring, training, promotion, reassignment, upward mobility, and termination;
2.	Employee utilization;
3.	EEO training and evaluation of supervisors;
4.	Publishing statements of the department's commitment to EEO in posters, websites,
	vacancy announcements, and other appropriate issuances; and
	Monitoring the complaint process, workplace environment, and employment statistics so as to recognize and correct possible inequities in employment opportunities within the
	department.

I. Training

To ensure that all employees are informed of the department's EEO policy and in an effort to prevent discrimination, harassment, and retaliation, MPD shall provide the following trainings:

1. All newly hired employees shall complete mandatory discrimination, harassment, and retaliation prevention training within 14 days of hire;

- 2. All sworn and civilian supervisors shall complete mandatory discrimination, harassment, and retaliation prevention training within the first 30 days of appointment to a supervisory position.
- 3. All employees shall complete mandatory discrimination, harassment, and retaliation prevention training on an annual basis. This shall include supervisors and managers ensuring that employees' questions regarding these matters are appropriately addressed or referred to the MPD Human Resources Management Division and/or the chief people officer.
- 4. All MPD employees selected as OHR-certified counselors shall complete initial and periodic refresher training on department policies on identifying and reporting misconduct.
- 5. All IAD investigators assigned to conduct EEO misconduct investigations shall complete initial and periodic refresher training on EEO laws, discrimination, and investigative techniques.
- 6. Employees found to have engaged in inappropriate conduct, who are not terminated, shall be required to attend mandatory sexual harassment training within 60 calendar days of the conclusion of the investigation.
- 7. MPD shall provide on-demand online training modules which reinforce the policies provided in this order. These modules shall include an interactive component (i.e., scenario-based) to assess employee comprehension and compliance with the training module.

III. DEFINITIONS

When used in this directive, the following terms shall have the meanings designated.

	Term	Description
1.	EEO counseling	Informal resolution process between the employee and an OHR- certified EEO counselor from MPD or outside the department. EEO counseling is conducted to resolve disputes and find a resolution that is satisfactory to both parties.
2.	EEO counselors	Employees trained to provide advice and counsel on how to use the EEO reporting process, as well as other avenues for addressing complaints. Counselors are neutral, non-investigative advisors and not advocates for either side. IAD investigators shall not serve as EEO counselors.
3.	EEO investigation	Investigative process conducted to understand what happened and make a finding.
4.	External complaint	Discrimination complaint filed with OHR, a federal agency (i.e., EEOC, DOJ, or DOL), or a civil complaint in court.
5.	Internal complaint	Complaint filed within MPD.

Card. How

Pamela A. Smith Chief of Police